

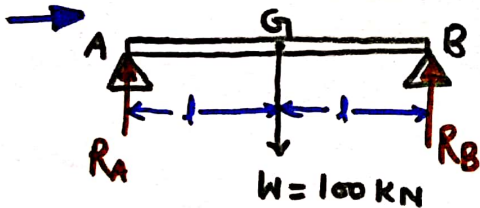
☀️ TO FIND THE REACTIONS OF BEAM SUPPORTS :-

- (1)  $\Sigma M = 0$   
 (2)  $\Sigma F = 0$
- } By solving these two equations we can get reactions at the support.

SIMPLY SUPPORTED BEAM:-

Question:- There is a 100 kN load at the centre of the beam as shown below. Find the reactions at the support.

BTEUP 1974



Solve :-

from :

$\Sigma F = 0$

$+R_A + R_B - 100 = 0$

$R_A + R_B = 100 \text{ kN} \text{ --- (1)}$

Now from;

$\Sigma M_A = 0$

$R_A \times 0 + 100 \times AG + R_B \times AB = 0$

$0 - 100 \times l + R_B \times 2l = 0$

$-100 \times l + R_B \times 2l = 0 \Rightarrow 2l \times R_B = 100l$

$R_B = \frac{100}{2} = 50 \text{ kN (upward)}$

from equation (1) -

$R_A + 50 = 100 \text{ kN}$

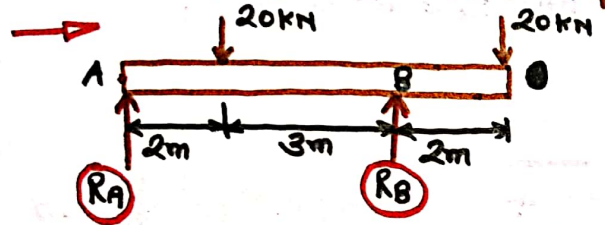
$R_A = 50 \text{ kN (upward)}$

So;  $\{ R_A = 50 \text{ kN} ; R_B = 50 \text{ kN} \}$  Ans

Beam With Overhanging at one ends:-

B.T.E.U.P. 1976

Question:- Find the reactions at point A and B as shown in fig.



Solve:-

from:  $\sum F = 0^*$

$$R_A + R_B - 20 - 20 = 0$$

$$R_A + R_B = 40 \text{ kN} \text{ --- ①}$$

Now, from  $\sum M_A = 0^*$

$$R_A \times 0 + 20 \times 2 + R_B \times 5 + 20 \times 7 = 0$$

$$-20 \times 2 + 5R_B - 140 = 0$$

$$-40 + 5R_B - 140 = 0$$

$$R_B = \frac{180}{5} = \underline{36} \text{ kN. (upward)}$$

from equation - ①

$$R_A + 36 = 40 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_A = 40 - 36$$

$$[R_A = 4 \text{ kN}] \text{ (upward)}$$

So;  $[R_A = 4 \text{ kN}; R_B = 36 \text{ kN}]$